



Florham Park Borough Construction Department  
111 Ridgedale Ave.  
Florham Park, NJ 07932  
Ph. – 973-410-5350

### **Generator Installation**

Dear applicant,

Please note that all permit applications for the installation of generators for existing dwellings and new construction/additions require the following:

#### **Existing 1 and 2 Family Dwellings:**

1. Completed Construction Permit Application
2. Completed Zoning Application
3. Copy of to scale survey including title block with the location of the generator indicating the distance to the property line and structure
4. Completed, Signed & sealed, Electrical & Mechanical Subcode Forms (A Building Subcode is also required if pouring a concrete pad)
5. Electric Riser Diagram and Load Calculations
6. Specifications of the equipment
7. Gas riser diagram

#### **New Construction and Additions:**

1. Items 1-3 above
2. Completed, Signed & sealed, Electrical, Plumbing and Fire Subcode Forms
3. (A Building Subcode is also required if pouring a concrete pad)
4. Specifications of the equipment



**BOROUGH OF FLORHAM PARK ZONING APPLICATION**

111 Ridgedale Avenue, Florham Park, NJ 07932E-mail: [Zoning@florhamparknj.gov](mailto:Zoning@florhamparknj.gov) Phone: 973-410-5330

**AC or GENERATOR  
Fee \$75**

Work Site Address: \_\_\_\_\_ Block: \_\_\_\_\_ Lot: \_\_\_\_\_ Zone: \_\_\_\_\_

Property Owner: \_\_\_\_\_ Owner's Email: \_\_\_\_\_

Owner's Address: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Brief Description of Work: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Property is a: Corner Lot \_\_\_\_\_ Interior Lot \_\_\_\_\_

Existing Setbacks:

Front Yard \_\_\_\_\_ Smallest Side Yard \_\_\_\_\_ Rear Yard \_\_\_\_\_ Second Front Yard (corner lot): \_\_\_\_\_

Proposed Setbacks:

Front Yard \_\_\_\_\_ Smallest Side Yard \_\_\_\_\_ Rear Yard \_\_\_\_\_ Second Front Yard (corner lot): \_\_\_\_\_

Sq. Ft. of Lot: \_\_\_\_\_ Building Coverage %: \_\_\_\_\_ Improved Lot Coverage %: \_\_\_\_\_

I hereby certify that the proposed work is authorized by the owner of record and that I have been authorized by the owner to make this application as his/her agent and we agree to conform to all application laws of this jurisdiction

Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Name (Print) \_\_\_\_\_

**\*\* Office use only \*\***

Application: Approved \_\_\_\_\_ Denied \_\_\_\_\_ Application No \_\_\_\_\_ Permit No \_\_\_\_\_

Application Fee \_\_\_\_\_ Received Date \_\_\_\_\_ Check # \_\_\_\_\_ Cash \_\_\_\_\_

Zoning Official Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Kayla Kaplan-Zoning Official

Marjorie Lowe-Assistant to the Zoning Official













## Placement of Standby Generator to REDUCE THE RISK OF FIRE

The National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standard NFPA 37 establishes criteria for minimizing the hazard of fire during the installation and operation of stationary combustion engines. NFPA 37 limits the spacing of an enclosed generator from openings in walls, structures and combustible materials outside the enclosure.

The placement requirements provided are based on compliance to NFPA 37 2010 section 4.1.4 and a full-scale demonstration fire test. Details of compliance testing can be found in section **National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standard NFPA 37 requirements and testing.**

**⚠ WARNING** Exhaust heat/gases could ignite combustibles or structures resulting in death, serious injury and/or property damage.

- DO NOT place weatherproof enclosure opposite exhaust side closer than 18 inches (0.5 m) from any structure.
- Exhaust outlet side of weatherproof enclosure must have at least 5 ft (1.5 m) minimum clearance from any structure, shrubs, trees or any kind of vegetation.
- Standby generator weatherproof enclosure must be at least 5 ft (1.5 m) from windows, doors, any wall opening, shrubs or vegetation over 12 inches (30.5 cm) in height.
- Standby generator weatherproof enclosure must have a minimum of 4 feet (1.2 m) overhead clearance from any structure, overhang or trees.
- DO NOT place weatherproof enclosure under a deck or other type of structure that may confine airflow.
- USE ONLY flexible steel fuel line provided. Connect provided fuel line to generator, DO NOT use with or substitute any other flexible fuel line.
- Smoke detector(s) MUST be installed and maintained indoors according to the manufacturer's instructions/ recommendations. Carbon monoxide alarms cannot detect smoke.
- DO NOT place weatherproof enclosure in manner other than shown in illustrations.

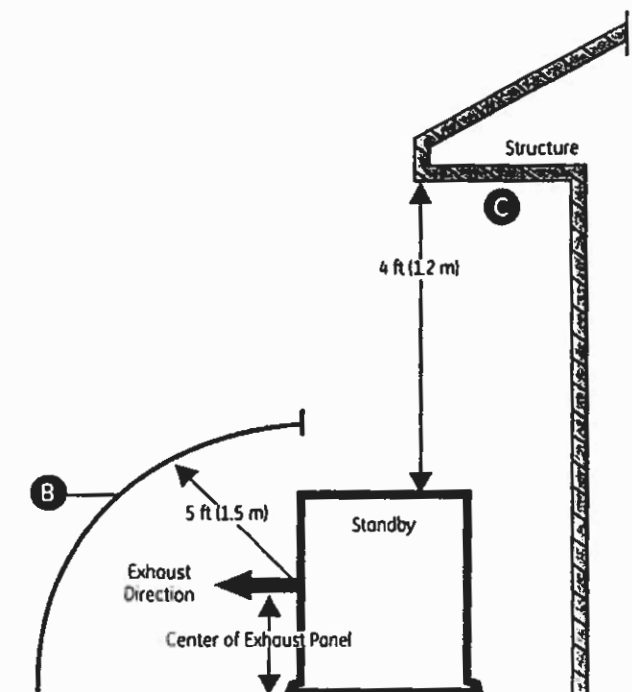
Examples of standby generator locations to reduce the risk of fire:

Legend for Generator Locations to reduce the risk of fire.

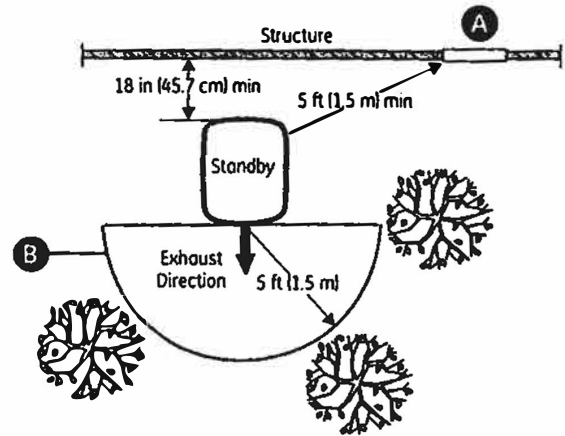
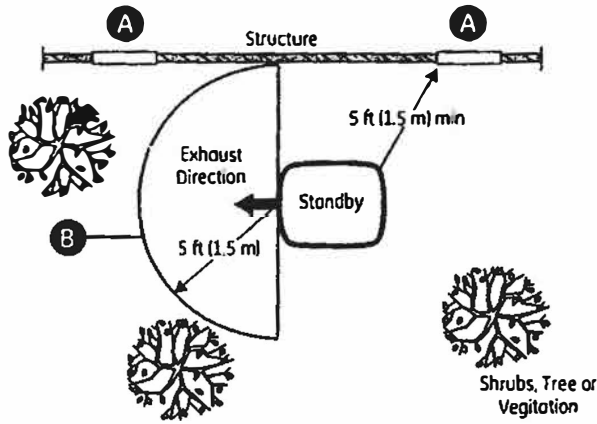
- A** Standby weatherproof enclosure must be at least 5 ft (1.5 m) from windows, doors, any wall opening, shrubs or vegetation over 12 inches (30.5 cm) in height.
- B** Exhaust outlet side of weatherproof enclosure must have at least 5 ft (1.5 m) minimum clearance from any structure, shrubs, trees or any kind of vegetation.
- C** Standby weatherproof enclosure must have a minimum of 4 feet (1.2 m) overhead clearance from any structure, overhang or trees.

**NOTICE** DO NOT place weatherproof enclosure under a deck or other type of covered structure that may confine airflow.

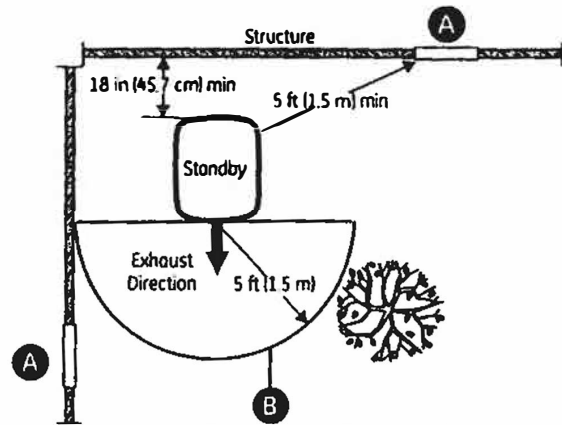
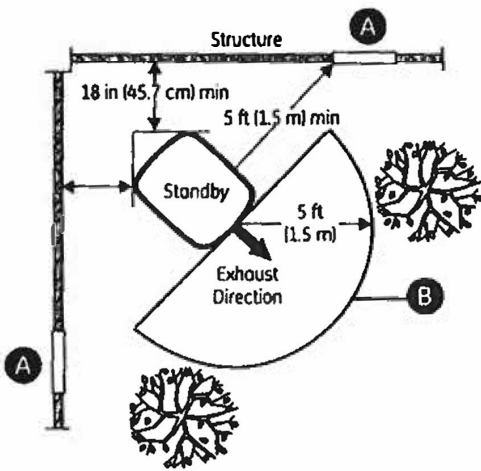
Vertical Clearances



## Single Structure Installations



## Two Structure Installations



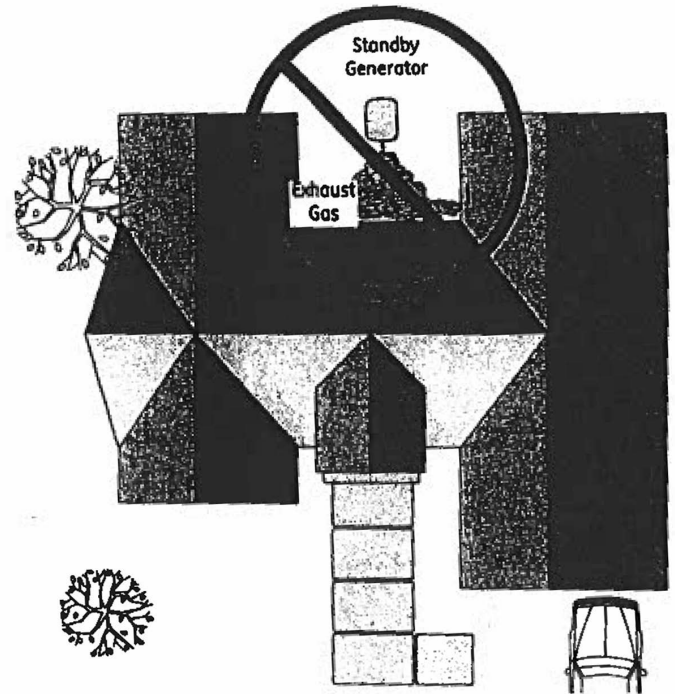
### Legend for Generator Locations to reduce the risk of fire.

- A** Standby weatherproof enclosure must be at least 5 ft (1.5 m) from windows, doors, any wall opening, shrubs or vegetation over 12 inches (30.5 cm) in height.
- B** Exhaust outlet side of weatherproof enclosure must have at least 5 ft (1.5 m) minimum clearance from any structure, shrubs, trees or any kind of vegetation.
- C** Standby weatherproof enclosure must have a minimum of 4 feet (1.2 m) overhead clearance from any structure, overhang or trees.

**NOTICE** DO NOT place weatherproof enclosure under a deck or other type of covered structure that may confine airflow.

- Direct the standby generator exhaust away from or parallel to the building or structure. DO NOT direct the generator exhaust towards a potentially occupied building, structure, windows, doors, ventilation intakes, soffit vents, crawl spaces, open garage doors or other openings where exhaust gas could accumulate and enter inside or be drawn into a potentially occupied building or structure.

- DO NOT place standby generator in any area where leaves or debris normally accumulates. Position standby generator in an area where winds will carry the exhaust gas away from any potentially occupied building or structure.



## Other General Location Guidelines

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- Place the standby generator in a prepared location that is flat and has provisions for water drainage.
- Install the standby generator in a location where sump pump discharge, rain gutter down spouts, roof run-off, landscape irrigation, or water sprinklers will not flood the unit or spray the enclosure and enter any air inlet or outlet openings.
- Install the standby generator where it will not affect or obstruct any services (including covered, concealed and underground), such as telephone, electric, fuel (natural gas / LPG vapor), irrigation, air conditioning, cable, septic, sewer, well and so forth.
- Install the standby generator where leaves, grass, snow, etc will not obstruct air inlet and outlet openings. If prevailing winds will cause blowing or drifting, you may need to construct a windbreak to protect the unit.

## National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standard NFPA 37 Requirements and Testing

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### Requirements:

NFPA 37 2010, section 4.1.4, Engines Located Outdoors. Engines, and their weatherproof housings if provided, that are installed outdoors shall be located at least 1.5m (5 ft) from openings in walls and at least 1.5 m (5 ft) from structures having combustible walls. A minimum separation shall not be required where either of the following conditions exist:

1. The adjacent wall of the structure has a fire resistance rating of at least 1 hour.
2. The weatherproof enclosure is constructed of noncombustible materials and it has been demonstrated that a fire within the enclosure will not ignite combustible materials outside the enclosure. \*

\* Annex A Explanatory Material

A 4.1.4 (2) Means of demonstrating compliance are by means of full-scale fire tests or by calculation procedures, such as those given in NFPA 555, *Guide on Methods for Evaluating Potential for Room Flashover*.

To comply with condition 2 above the weatherproof enclosure has been constructed completely of non-combustible materials and full-scale fire tests have been conducted to demonstrate that a fire within the enclosure will not ignite combustible materials outside the enclosure.

A U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA) Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) performed full scale fire demonstration testing. This 3rd party independent NRTL evaluated many worst-case ignition scenarios. The results of the demonstration testing concluded that a fire within the enclosure would not ignite combustible materials outside the enclosure.